REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE HARLAN COUNTY CLERK

For The Year Ended December 31, 2008



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

www.auditor.ky.gov

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841 FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE HARLAN COUNTY CLERK

For The Year Ended December 31, 2008

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the Harlan County Clerk's audit for the year ended December 31, 2008. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statement presents fairly in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.

Financial Condition:

Excess fees decreased by \$49,590 from the prior year, resulting in excess fees of \$47,939 as of December 31, 2008. Revenues decreased by \$167,622 from the prior year and expenditures decreased by \$118,032.

Report Comment:

• The County Clerk's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Deposits:

The County Clerk's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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The Honorable Joseph A. Grieshop, Harlan County Judge/Executive The Honorable Wanda Clem, Harlan County Clerk Members of the Harlan County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees regulatory basis of the County Clerk of Harlan County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2008. This financial statement is the responsibility of the County Clerk. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for County Fee Officials issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the County Clerk's office prepares the financial statement on a regulatory basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees of the County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2008, in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 14, 2010 on our consideration of the Harlan County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing</u> Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.





The Honorable Joseph A. Grieshop, Harlan County Judge/Executive The Honorable Wanda Clem, Harlan County Clerk Members of the Harlan County Fiscal Court

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying comment and recommendation, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

• The County Clerk's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County Clerk and Fiscal Court of Harlan County, Kentucky, and the Commonwealth of Kentucky and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

January 14, 2010

HARLAN COUNTY WANDA CLEM, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2008

Revenues

State Fees For Services		\$	11,936
Fiscal Court			32,109
Licenses and Taxes:			
Motor Vehicle-			
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 841,876		
Usage Tax	1,683,129		
Tangible Personal Property Tax	1,737,164		
Temporary Tags			
Title/Notary	6,602		
Other-			
Fish and Game Licenses	3,357		
Marriage Licenses	11,005		
Candidate Filing Fees	2,230		
Deed Transfer Tax	28,022		
Delinquent Tax	 409,722		4,723,107
Fees Collected for Services:			
Recordings-			
Deeds, Easements, and Contracts	40,185		
Real Estate Mortgages	11,174		
Chattel Mortgages and Financing Statements	72,583		
Powers of Attorney	3,580		
All Other Recordings	33,541		
Charges for Other Services-			
Candidate Filing Fees	1,000		
Copywork	20,587		
Other:			
Postage	1,503		
Overpayments	16,833		
Prior Year Returned Check And Clerk Fees	1,811		202,797
Interest Earned		-	1,462
Total Revenues			4,971,411

HARLAN COUNTY

WANDA CLEM, COUNTY CLERK

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2008 (Continued)

Expenditures

Payments to State:		
Motor Vehicle-		
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 589,806	
Usage Tax	1,632,771	
Tangible Personal Property Tax	686,989	
Licenses, Taxes, and Fees-		
Fish and Game Licenses	3,212	
Delinquent Tax	42,498	
Legal Process Tax	25,154	
Affordable Housing Trust	 22,338	\$ 3,002,768
Payments to Fiscal Court:		
Tangible Personal Property Tax	280,265	
Delinquent Tax	88,793	
Deed Transfer Tax	 26,620	395,678
Payments to Other Districts:		
Tangible Personal Property Tax	701,193	
Delinquent Tax	164,783	865,976
Demiquent Tun	 101,705	005,770
Payments to Sheriff		3,907
Payments to County Attorney		70,417
Operating Evnenditures		
Operating Expenditures: Personnel Services-		
	279 794	
Deputies' Salaries	278,784	
Employee Benefits-	27,043	
Employer's Share Social Security		
Employer's Share Retirement	50,415	
Employer's Paid Health Insurance	35,308	

HARLAN COUNTY

WANDA CLEM, COUNTY CLERK

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2008 (Continued)

Expenditures (Continued)

Operating Expenditures: (Continued)			
Contracted Services-			
Maintenance Agreement	\$ 27,990		
Telephone Expense	2,890		
Materials and Supplies-			
Office Supplies	21,453		
Other Charges-			
Conventions and Travel	4,642		
Dues	1,080		
Postage	4,685		
Refunds	17,411		
Election Expense	20,371		
Returned Checks	934	\$ 493,006	
Total Expenditures			\$ 4,831,752
Net Revenues			139,659
Less: Statutory Maximum			 84,595
Excess Fees			55,064
Expense Allowance		3,600	
Training Incentive Benefit		3,525	 7,125
Excess Fees Due County for 2008			47,939
Payments to Fiscal Court - February 19, 2009			 42,000
Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit *			\$ 5,939

^{*} Excess fees paid January 14, 2010.

HARLAN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2008

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of revenues over expenditures to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the County Clerk as determined by the audit. KRS 64.152 requires the County Clerk to settle excess fees with the fiscal court by March 15 each year.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, revenues and expenditures are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive), at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2008 services
- Reimbursements for 2008 activities
- Payments due other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections and payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2008

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the County Treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

At the direction of the fiscal court, KRS 66.480 authorizes the County Clerk's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

HARLAN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2008 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county officials and employees have elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan that covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5.0 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6.0 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 16.17 percent for the first six months and 13.50 percent for the last six months.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Historical trend information pertaining to CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 3. Deposits

The Harlan County Clerk maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the County Clerk and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the County Clerk's deposits may not be returned. The Harlan County Clerk does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of December 31, 2008, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

HARLAN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2008 (Continued)

Note 4. Bond Account

On November 27, 2006, Belk Department Store provided a \$1,000 bond to the County Clerk in accordance with KRS 365.410 to 365.480 to conduct a "Going Out Of Business" sale. This bond is to be held by the County Clerk for three years from the final date of the sale as filed and then surrendered in accordance with KRS 365.440. The County Clerk deposited the bond in a separate bank account. As of December 31, 2007, the balance of the bond was \$1,029. During the calendar year 2008, the account earned \$19 of interest, resulting in an ending balance of \$1,048 as of December 31, 2008.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



The Honorable Joseph A. Grieshop, Harlan County Judge/Executive The Honorable Wanda Clem, Harlan County Clerk Members of the Harlan County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees - regulatory basis of the Harlan County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated January 14, 2010. The County Clerk's financial statement is prepared in accordance with a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

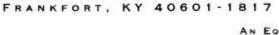
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Harlan County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statement that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control over financial reporting. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying comment and recommendation to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

• The County Clerk's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties



209 ST. CLAIR STREET



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statement will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the significant deficiency described above to be a material weakness.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Harlan County Clerk's financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2008, is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

The Harlan County Clerk's response to the finding identified in our audit is included in the accompanying comment and recommendation. We did not audit the County Clerk's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Harlan County Fiscal Court, and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts



HARLAN COUNTY WANDA CLEM, COUNTY CLERK COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

For The Year Ended December 31, 2008

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

The County Clerk's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

While reviewing the internal control procedures, we noted the County Clerk's office lacks adequate segregation of duties over the bank reconciliation procedures. The bank reconciliation is prepared by an outside bookkeeper; however, we could not find documentation where the inhouse bookkeeper did a review and comparison of the bank reconciliation prepared by the outside bookkeeper. Although we recognize the County Clerk has implemented compensating controls, our assessment of these compensating controls, in accordance with SAS 112, has concluded that when considering the possibility of further undetected misstatements, a misstatement would be considered more than inconsequential or material to the financial statements. We recommend the County Clerk implement the following compensating control to offset this material weakness.

• The County Clerk could compare monthly bank reconciliations performed by the inhouse bookkeeper and the off-site bookkeeper. Any differences should be reconciled. The County Clerk could document this review by initializing both bank reconciliations.

County Clerk's Response: I have been comparing the monthly bank reconciliations by the inhouse bookkeeper and off-site bookkeeper since the auditor told me to do this in February 2009. This has been documented. Donna Hoskins, the in-house bookkeeper was not aware that she should be initializing. As of now, she will initial the documents.